



## MVČK | Aleppo: jeden z nejvíce devastujících konfliktů v zastavěné oblasti

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### ----- Souhrn -----

Prezident Mezinárodního výboru Červeného kříže (MVČK, ICRC) Peter Maurer označil boje o Aleppo za jeden z nejvíce devastujících konfliktů moderní doby. Boje se v posledních týdnech zintenzivnily, veřejné služby jsou zhrouceny, stovky lidí zabity, mnoho zraněno, desítky tisíc jsou uvězněny boji bez pomoci.

Palba neustává, jsou pod ní domy, školy, nemocnice. Lidé žijí ve strachu, děti jsou traumatizovány. Nikdo není nikde v bezpečí.

Infrastruktura města je rozsáhle zničena, lidé nemají k dispozici bezpečnou, pitnou vodu. MVČK, Syrský Červený půlměsíc i další organizace dovážejí pitnou vodu.

MVČK vyzývá *všechny strany* konfliktu k dodržování válečného práva, zejm. k zastavení nerozlišujících útoků a umožnění přístupu humanitárním organizacím k civilistům. Nutná jsou pravidelná příměří k dodávce hum. pomoci a oprav nezbytných civilních zařízení.

Přerušení dodávek vody a elektřiny chápe ČK jako ohrožení dvou milionů lidí, kteří tak nemají přístup ke zdravotní péči.

### Aleppo a okolí - v posledních dvou týdnech

- *potraviny*: MVČK a Syrský ČP dodává denně 13.000 jídel pro nově vysídlené, přes 7.500 z nich dále dostalo balíky s potravinami a základními domácími potřebami (balík má hmotnost 25 kg). Přes 10.500 balení chleba je denně rozdělováno Syrským ČP.
- *voda*: 70.000 lidí denně dostává vodu z cisteren (500.000 litrů), pro 7.000 nově vysídlených byly instalovány 44 nádrže s pitnou vodou ve 44 lokalitách, nemocnice c Aleppu dostávají 750.000 litrů pitné vody, 3.000 balené vody pak dialyzační centra. MVČK otevřel 42 studní, které pokrývají potřebu 58% obyvatel při přerušení vodovodní dodávky.
- *zdravotní péče*: léčiva pro základní péči byla dodána pro 15.000 pacientů, 50.000 moskytier dodáno k ochraně před leishmaniózou, dodány léky pro léčbu 15.000 postižených svrabem, zdravotnický materiál pro léčbu 300 raněných.

### ----- Plný text -----

#### *Syria: Aleppo "One of the most devastating urban conflicts"*

The president of the International Committee of the Red Cross, Peter Maurer, has described the fight for the Syrian city of Aleppo as one of the most devastating conflicts in modern times. Fighting has been intensifying during the past weeks with hundreds of people killed and untold numbers injured. Public services have all but broken down. Tens of thousands are trapped and without aid.

"No one and nowhere is safe. Shell-fire is constant, with houses, schools and hospitals all in the line of fire. People live in a state of fear. Children have been traumatized. The scale of the suffering is immense. For 4 years, the people of Aleppo have been devastated by brutal

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war, and it is only getting worse for them. This is beyond doubt one of the most devastating urban conflicts in modern times," said Mr Maurer.

Tens of thousands of people have been forced to flee their homes, and many others forced to leave temporary shelters they had been living in.

There has been massive damage to the city's infrastructure. With water and electricity supplies cut or severely reduced, the population is at risk from untreated and unsafe water. Humanitarian organizations, among others the ICRC and the Syrian Arab Red Crescent, have begun trucking drinking water as an emergency measure.

"The human cost of the fighting in Aleppo is simply too high. We urge all parties to stop the destruction and indiscriminate attacks, and stop the killing. Parties involved in the fighting need to respect the basic rules of warfare, in order to prevent the loss of more innocent lives. Besides the direct threat posed by the fighting, the lack of essential services such as water and electricity, poses an immediate and dramatic risk for up to two million people, who have great difficulty in accessing basic medical care," said Mr Maurer.

The ICRC calls on all parties to allow humanitarian agencies to reach civilians in desperate need of help in all parts of the city, as well as in neighbouring rural areas. Regular humanitarian pauses are needed to allow in humanitarian aid and allow enough time to carry out repairs to essential services.

#### *Activities of the ICRC and the Syrian Arab Red Crescent in Aleppo over the past two weeks:*

##### Food:

Over 49,000 meals per day were distributed through eight collective kitchens in urban and rural areas of Aleppo Governorate, including over 13,000 meals per day for newly displaced families, 2,650 of which were in Western Aleppo;

Over 7,500 newly displaced people received parcels of canned food and other essential household items;

Over 10,500 bread packs were distributed daily through the Syrian Arab Red Crescent in Aleppo, mostly in rural areas.

##### Water:

70,000 residents and displaced people received drinking water delivered by truck on a daily basis (500,000 litres per day);

7,000 newly displaced people had their water needs covered thanks to the installation of 44 water tanks in 14 different locations.

750,000 litres of drinking water were delivered to 2,000 patients in hospitals in Aleppo, and 3,000 water bottles were given to patients in dialysis centres.

42 boreholes that the ICRC had installed in 2015 and 2016 were operational and would cover 58% of the population's water needs in case of continuous water cut; the boreholes were monitored daily for problems or damage thanks to mobile data collection; 22 boreholes received maintenance in the last three weeks.

##### Health:

Primary healthcare medicines for 15,000 patients were donated;

50,000 bed nets were distributed to prevent leishmaniasis;

Drugs were provided to treat 15,000 people with scabies;

Medical kits were supplied to treat 300 wounded patients.